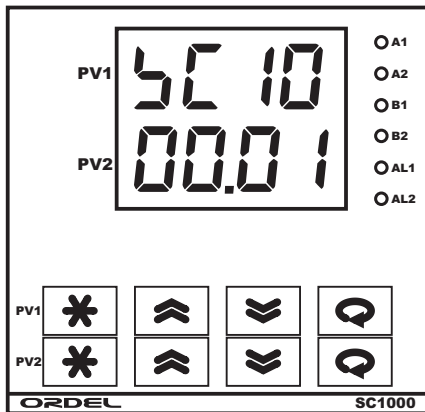


Sc1000

Standard Controller USER GUIDE



ORDEL



- Read this user manual carefully before using the device. Responsibility for accidents and damages caused by non-compliance with the warnings in this manual belongs to the user.
- This device has been produced for use by educated people in industrial enterprises, it is not suitable for use in homes and similar places for safety reasons.
- Do not use this device in the presence of flammable and explosive gases. It may cause explosion or fire due to electric arc that may occur at the contact points.
- Liquid substances and metal parts must be prevented from entering the device. Otherwise, it may cause accidents such as fire and electric shock.
- There is no fuse and circuit breaker on the device, they must be connected externally by the user.
- In case of malfunction of the device, external measures should be taken to prevent accidents and damages that may occur in the system in which it is located.
- It should be ensured that the sensor and signal cables are away from power cables or switched inductive load cables, or it must be prevented from being electrically affected.
- Before making the device connections, it should be checked whether the supply voltage is suitable for the place where it will be used by looking at the product code.
- Do not energize the device before making the connections related to the device in accordance with the wiring diagram and do not touch the terminals while the device is energized.
- The factory configuration of the device is not suitable for every system, it must be changed by the user according to the needs of the current system.
- The useful life of the device as determined and announced by the Ministry is 10 years.
- Do not modify or try to repair the device, the device should be repaired by authorized service personnel.

EXPLANATION	Page No:
Warnings.....	2
Contents	3
Device Description.....	4
Preparation Stages for Use.....	5
Device Dimensions	6
Connection Diagram	7
Product code	11
Technical Specifications	12
Temperature Sensors	13
Display and Key Functions	14
Configuration	17
Configuration Page Parameters	20
Operator Page	27
Operator Page Parameters	28
Auto-Tune Operation	29
Serial Communication	30
Configuration Guide	34

SC1000 Model devices are completely modular and each module can be configured independently, designed for the measurement and control of many process variables in industrial environments. In the design phase, compliance with international standards, reliability and ease of use are based. For this reason, they are ergonomic devices that can be used for very different controls in many sectors.

2 x 4 Digit Numeric Displays

6 LED Indicators

2 Transmitter Supply Outputs (24Vdc)

2 Universal Sensor Inputs (TC, RT, mA, mV, V)

2 Auxiliary Analog inputs (0/4-20mA)

2 Potentiometer Inputs (100-1500W)

4 Digital Inputs (15V)

2 RS485 Communication Units

2 Analog Outputs (0/4-20mA, 0/2-10V)

4 Relays or Logic Outputs (24V)

100-240Vac Universal or 24Vac/dc Supply

Isolation Between Input/Output Modules

PID Heating or Cooling

Auto-Tuning (auto-tuning of PID parameters)

Sensor Troubleshooting

12 Different Relay Functions

ON/OFF, P, PI, PD, PID Control

Linear and Time-Proportional Control Output

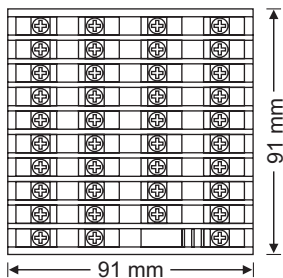
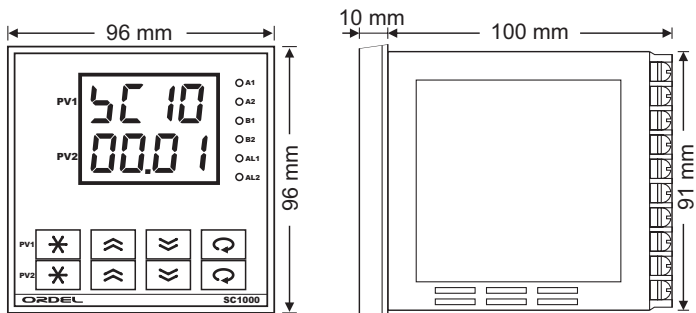
100ms Sampling and Control Cycle

Standard MODBUS RTU Communication Protocol

Before starting to use the device, make use of this user manual and perform the following operations in order.

- SC1000 Model devices are completely modular devices, therefore, before using the device, check the product code to see if the supply voltage and input-output modules are suitable.
- Before making other connections of the device, only supply the supply voltage and enter the configuration page to make the most suitable configuration for your system.
- After the device is properly configured, enter the program page and create the programs you want.
- Set the set values and hysteresis of the relays you have selected as alarms on the operator page.
- Cut off the power of the device and make other connections according to the connection diagram.
- Make the system to be controlled ready for operation and re-energize the system with the device.
- If the control outputs of the device will work as PID and you have not entered the PID parameters manually, perform Auto-Tune for the device to calculate these parameters itself.
- In order to be sure that the PID parameters found by Auto-Tune are correct, enter a new set value to the device and watch its operation.
- Check all the functions of the device by switching to other operating modes you will use.
- Finally, in order to prevent the intervention of unauthorized persons, enter the configuration page again and set the security-related parameters and return to the Process-Screen.

This user manual has been prepared in accordance with the above procedure. How to do these operations is given in detail in the relevant sections.



Panel section = $92 \pm 0,5$ mm x $92 \pm 0,5$ mm

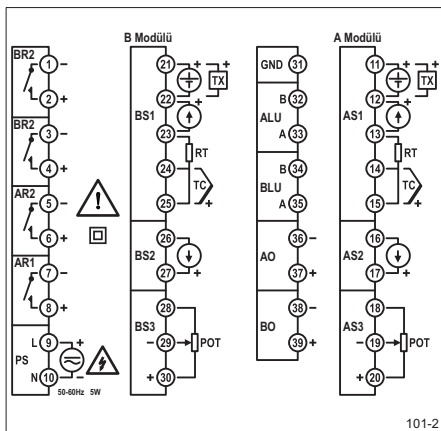
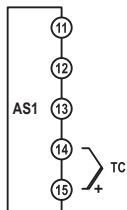


Figure-1

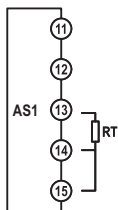
Modül	Explanation
AS1	PV1 Universal sensor input module (The sensor used for process value measurement must be connected to the terminals with the appropriate symbol on this module).
BS1	PV2 Universal sensor input module (The sensor used for process value measurement must be connected to the terminals with the appropriate symbol in this module).
AS2	Module A "AS2" Auxiliary Analog Input module terminals.
BS2	Module B "BS2" Auxiliary Analog Input module terminals
AS3	Module A "AS3" Potentiometer Input module terminals.
BS3	Module B "BS3" Potentiometer Input module terminals.

ALU	Logic Input or RS485 terminals connected to the "A" (PV1) module.
BLU	Logic Input or RS485 terminals connected to the "B" (PV2) module.
AO	Analog Output module connected to "A" (PV1) input. (The content of these modules is determined by the product code, and their functions are determined by the "a 1F" parameters on the configuration page).
BO	Analog Output module connected to "B" (PV2) input. (The content of these modules is determined by the product code, and their functions are determined by the "a 2F" parameters on the configuration page)
AR1, AR2	"r 1F, r 2F" Relay Output modules connected to "A" module (PV1) input.
BR3, BR4	"r 3F, r 4F" Relay Output modules connected to "B" module (PV2) input.
PS	Supply voltage input (supply voltage is determined by the product code).

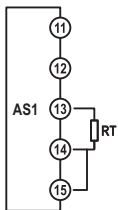
TC Input
(B,E,J,K,L,N,R,S,T,U)



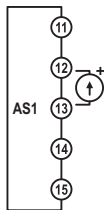
RT Input (3 Wire)



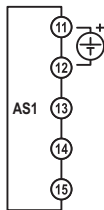
RT Input (2 Wire)



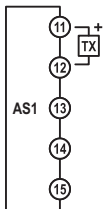
Current Input (mA)



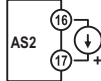
Voltage Input (V)



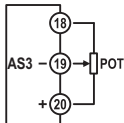
Transmitter Supply
(24Vdc/30mA)



Assist. Current Input
(mA)



Oransal Geribesleme Bağlantısı
(100 - 1500Ω)



RS-485
Communication Link *
(MODBUS - RTU)



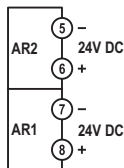
Analog Output *
(0-20mA/0-10V)



Relay Outputs *



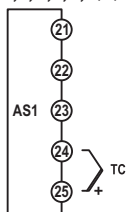
SSR Outputs *



In two-wire connection number 14 and 15 terminals short circuit should be done.

* It is optional. Please refer to the Device Type Label.

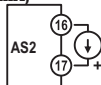
TC Input
(B,E,J,K,L,N,R,S,T,U)



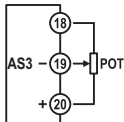
Current Input (mA)



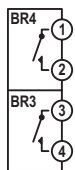
Assist. Current Input (mA)



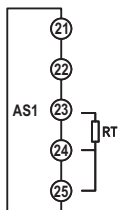
proportional Feedback Link (100 - 1500Ω)



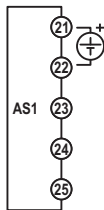
Relay Outputs *



RT Input (3 Wire)



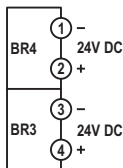
Voltage Input (V)



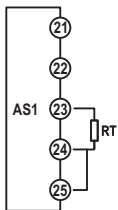
RS-485 Communication Link * (MODBUS - RTU)



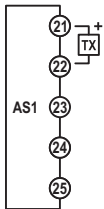
SSR Çıkışları *



RT Girişi (2 Telli)



Transmitter Supply (24Vdc/30mA)



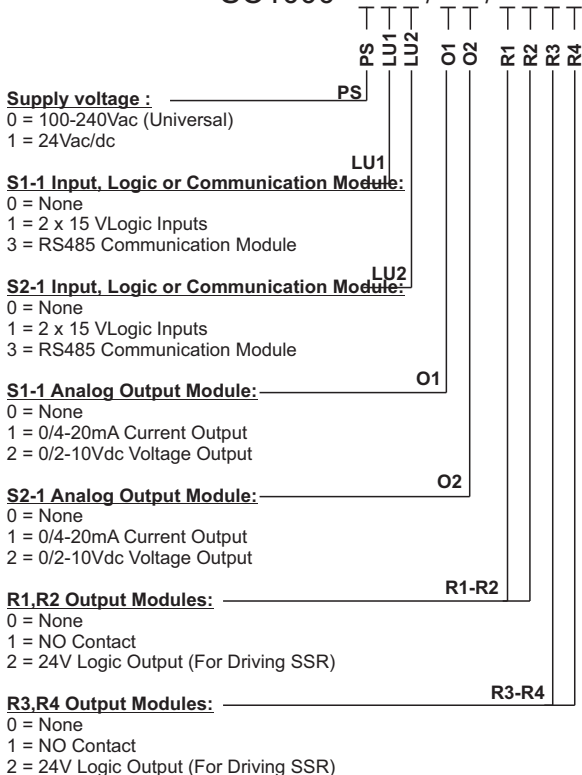
Analog Çıkış * (0-20mA/0-10V)



In two-wire connection number 24 and 25 terminals short circuit should be done.

* It is optional. Please refer to the Device Type Label.

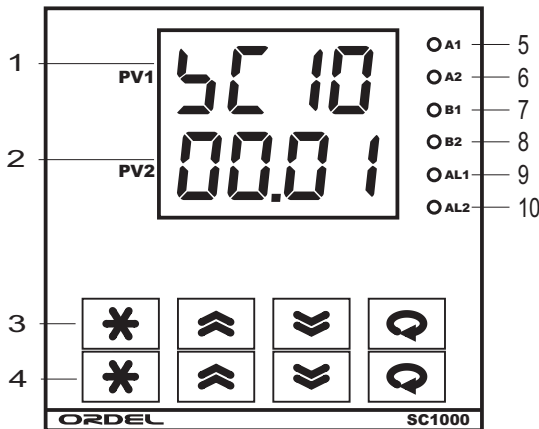
SC1000 -



Relay output modules can be coded as contact or logic outputs in the product code, but only the term relay is used when talking about these outputs in this user manual.

Supply Voltage (PS)	100-240Vac/dc : +%10 -%15	24Vac/dc : +%10 -%20	
Power consumption	6W,10VA		
Universal Sensor Input (AS1-BS1)	Thermocouple : B,E,J,K,L,N,R,S,T,U		
	Two wire Transmitter : 4-20mA		
	Resistance Thermometer : PT100		
	Current : 0/4-20mA		
	Voltage: 0-50mV, 0/2-10V		
Transmitter Supply(TX)	24Vdc (I _{sc} = 30mA)		
Analog Input Impedances	Termokupl, mV : 10M Ω		
	Current : 10 Ω		
	Gerilim : 1M Ω		
Analog Outputs (AO,BO)	Akım : 0/4-20mA (RL \leq 500 Ω)	Gerilim : 0/2-10V (RL \geq 1M Ω)	
Relay Outputs (R1,R2,R3,R4)	Kontak : 250Vac, 5A	Lojik Çıkış : 24Vdc, 20mA	
Contact Life	Yüksüz : 10.000.000 anahtarlama		
	250V, 5A Rezistif Yükte : 100.000 anahtarlama		
Memory	100 yıl, 100.000 yenileme		
Accuracy	+/- %0.2		
Sampling Time	100ms		
Ambient temperature	Çalışma : -10...+55C	Depolama : -20...+65C	
Protection Class	Ön Panel : IP54	Gövde : IP20	
Sizes	Genişlik : 96mm	Yükseklik : 96mm	Derinlik : 110mm
Panel cut dimensions	92+/-0,5 mm x 92+/-0,5 mm		
Weight	430gr		

Sensor Tipi	Standart	Sıcaklık Aralığı	
		(°C)	(°F)
Type-B Termokupl (Pt%18Rh-Pt)	IEC584-1	60, 1820	140, 3308
Type-E Termokupl (Cr-Const)	IEC584-1	-200, 840	-328, 1544
Type-J Termokupl (Fe-Const)	IEC584-1	-200, 1120	-328, 1562
Type-K Termokupl (NiCr-Ni)	IEC584-1	-200, 1360	-328, 2480
Type-L Termokupl (Fe-Const)	DIN43710	-200, 900	-328, 1652
Type-N Termokupl (Nicrosil-Nisil)	IEC584-1	-200, 1300	-328, 2372
Type-R Termokupl (Pt%13Rh-Pt)	IEC584-1	-40, 1760	104, 3200
Type-S Termokupl (Pt%10Rh-Pt)	IEC584-1	-40, 1760	104, 3200
Type-T Termokupl (Cu-Const)	IEC584-1	-200, 400	-328, 752
Type-U Termokupl (Cu-Const)	DIN43710	-200, 600	-328, 1112
Pt-100 Rezistans Termometre	IEC751	-200, 840	-328, 1544



PROCESS-SCREEN:

When the device is energized, the program version is displayed on the gestergees for about 2 seconds, then the measured process value or error message of the A module is displayed on the “PV1” indicator, and the B module process value or error message is displayed on the “PV2” indicator. This screen is called the **Process-Screen**. This screen is used continuously during normal operation.





1	PV1 INDICATOR	It displays the process value or error messages connected to the PV1 input on the Process-Screen, and the parameter name on the other displays.
2	PV2 INDICATOR	It shows the process value or error messages connected to the PV2 input on the Process-Screen, and the parameter name on the other screens.
3	PV1 SETTING KEYS	Keys used to set up Module A.
4	PV2 SETTING KEYS	Keys used to set up Module B.
5	A1 LED	It lights when the “AR1” Relay module of module A is energized.
6	A2 LED	It lights when the “AR2” Relay module of module A is energized.
7	B3 LED	It lights when the “BR3” Relay module of module B is energized.
8	B4 LED	It lights when the “BR4” Relay module of module B is energized.
9	AL1 LED	Not used in this model.
10	AL2 LED	Not used in this model.

DISPLAY OF ALPHABETIC CHARACTERS

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
A	b	C	d	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	ñ
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
n	o	P	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z

ERROR MESSAGES

Err.1	<p>If "PV1" does not appear on the screen, it means that the sensor at the "AS1" input does not detect it.</p> <p>If it appears on the "PV2" screen, it means that the sensor at the "BS1" input cannot be detected.</p>
Err.2	<p>If "PV1" does not appear on the screen, it means that the sensor at the "AS2" input does not detect it.</p> <p>If it appears on the "PV2" screen, it means that the sensor at the "BS2" input cannot be detected.</p>
----	<p>If it appears on the "PV1" screen, it means that the value read from the "A" module input is too high to be displayed on the screen.</p> <p>If it appears on the "PV2" screen, it means that the value read from the "B" module input is too high to be displayed on the screen.</p>
----	<p>If it appears on the "PV1" screen, it means that the value read from the "A" module input is too low to be displayed on the screen.</p> <p>If it appears on the "PV2" screen, it means that the value read from the "B" module input is too low to be displayed on the screen.</p>

KEY FUNCTIONS	
	While in the Process-Screen, a short press will reset the locked relays, When pressed for 5 seconds, the operating mode is changed. When the key is pressed together, then the key While on other screens, a short press will return to the beginning of the page, When it is pressed for 2 seconds, it returns to the Process-Screen.
	Used to change parameter option or values.
	Used to change parameter option or values.
	A short press on any screen will move to the next parameter. When pressed for 5 seconds while on the Process-Screen, Auto-Tune process is started. Press and hold for 2 seconds to confirm the conditions that require confirmation.

SC1000 Series devices are control devices designed for multi-purpose use. For this reason, they are devices with input/output modules suitable for all kinds of processes and can be used in accordance with all operating conditions. These devices can work with many different sensors and input signals, and each output can be used for a separate control. For this reason, before the SC1000 device can be used, the input/output types and functions, control type and usage characteristics should be set in the most appropriate way.

Depending on the order code, SC1000 series devices may have three analog inputs, three logic inputs, two analog outputs and four relay output modules. The types, functions and scales of these modules are determined by the parameters in the configuration page.








In addition, the basic parameters that determine the control type and operation of the device and the necessary settings for the control algorithm are also on the configuration page.



Before connecting an unconfigured device to your system, supply only the supply voltage and configure it according to the instructions below.

Entering the configuration page and setting the parameters:

SC1000 has two independent universal input modules ("A" PV1 and "B" PV2) and other modules connected to these inputs. There are PV1 and PV2 keys to set the universal inputs "A" PV1 and "B" PV2. In the normal display of the device (on the main screen), Process value or error messages are displayed. When first C and then A keys are pressed together, the parameter value is displayed. The desired value is entered by using the "A" and "B" keys.

- ◆ To enter the configuration page, press and hold both the "[*]" and "[C]" keys related to that module until the "C.C" message appears on the "PV1" indicator while the device is energized.
- ◆ While there is "C.C" message on the PV1 display, press the [C] then [A] keys together, set the login password of the configuration page to the screen with the [A] and [B] keys (The factory setting of this password is "0").
- ◆ If the password you entered is incorrect when you press the "[C]" key, the Process-Screen is returned, and if it is correct, the first parameter on the configuration page is accessed.
- ◆ The name of the parameter appears on the "PV1" display on the parameter screen. Parameter value appears when first [C] and then [A] keys are pressed together.
- ◆ You can now access other configuration parameters in sequence by pressing the "[C]" key.

- ◆ When first  and then  keys are pressed together, the parameter value is displayed. Use the " and "" keys to change the setting option of the parameter, and the " key to move to the next parameter. Pressing the " key for a short time will return to the beginning of the page, while pressing the " key for a long time will return to the Process-Screen.
- ◆ The settings of the PV2 input are adjusted using the PV' keys in the same way as Pv1.
- ◆ **Figure-3** below is a graphical representation of these processes.

Note: Press the " and " keys together to see the numbers of the parameters on the configuration page to move forward.

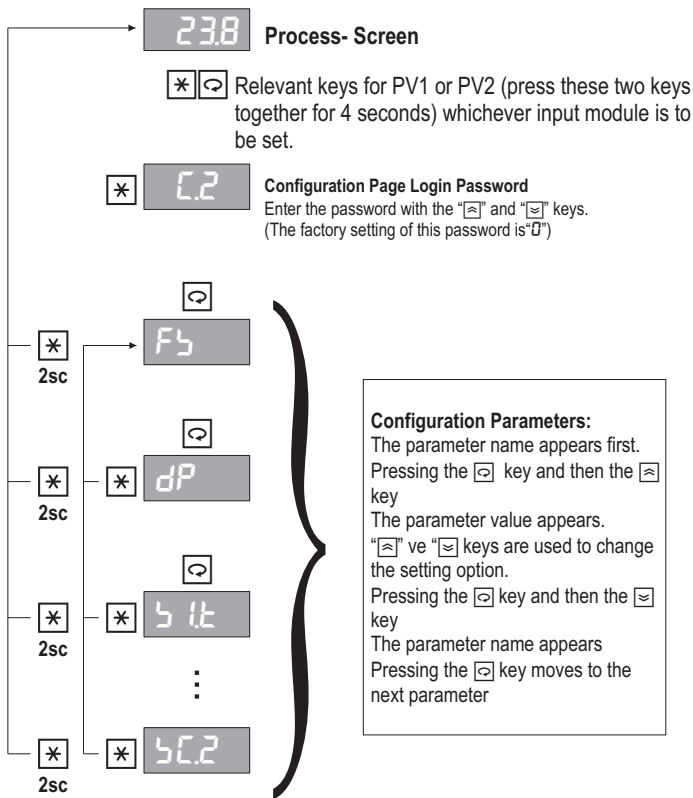


Figure -3

Detailed descriptions of the configuration page parameters are given in the next section.

Par. 01



To return to the factory settings, this parameter must be set to "00" and the "☐" key must be pressed for two seconds.

Setting Options: OFF, 00

Par. 02



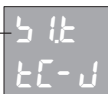
It determines the decimal degree (number of digits after the dot) in the display of all parameters whose unit is "EU".

Setting Range : 0 - 3

Warning: When this parameter is changed, all parameters with unit "EU" must be set again.

Note: "EU" is the temperature unit determined by the "HU" parameter for temperature measurements with a thermocouple or resistance thermometer. In other cases, it is the engineering unit of the variable being measured.

Par. 03



It determines the type of sensor connected to the universal sensor input "S1". This sensor is used for process value measurement.

Setting Options : Table-1

Table-1	No	Sensor Type
tC-b	0	Type-B Thermocouple (Pt%18Rh-Pt)
tC-E	1	Type-E Thermocouple (Cr-Const)
tC-J	2	Type-J Thermocouple (Fe-Const)
tC-K	3	Type-K Thermocouple (NiCr-Ni)
tC-L	4	Type-L Thermocouple (Fe-Const)
tC-n	5	Type-N Thermocouple (Nicrosil-Nisil)
tC-r	6	Type-R Thermocouple (Pt%13Rh-Pt)
tC-S	7	Type-S Thermocouple (Pt%10Rh-Pt)
tC-t	8	Type-T Thermocouple (Cu-Const)
tC-U	9	Type-U Thermokupl (Cu-Const)
r t	10	Pt-100 Resistance Thermometer
0-50	11	0-50mV
0-20	12	0-20mA
4-20	13	4-20mA
0-10	14	0-10V
2-10	15	2-10V

Par. 04		<p>“S1” It determines the lower scale value of the universal sensor input module.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Setting Range : -999.9 - 999.9</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Unit : EU</i></p>
Par. 05		<p>“S1” It determines the upper scale value of the universal sensor input module.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Setting Range : -999.9 - 999.9</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Unit : EU</i></p>
Par. 06		<p>It determines the value of the scale if the sensor connected to the “S1” universal sensor input cannot be detected.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Setting Options: L (Lower value) , H (Upper value)</i></p>
Par. 07		<p>It determines the temperature unit in temperature measurements with a thermocouple or resistance thermometer.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Setting Range : °C (°C), °F (°F)</i></p>
Par. 08		<p>It is added to the measured value to correct an error in temperature measurements with a thermocouple or resistance thermometer.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Setting Range : -100.0 - 100.0</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Unit : EU</i></p>
Par. 09		<p>It determines the time constant of the digital filter applied to the analog inputs. When this value is increased, the reading stability increases, but the reading speed decreases.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Setting Range : 0.1 - 10.0</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Unit : sn</i></p>
Par. 10		<p>It determines the function of the analog output module connected to the S1-1 input.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Setting Options: Tablo-4</i></p>
Par. 11		<p>It determines the type of analog output module connected to S1-1 input.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Setting Options : Table-5</i></p>

Par. 12

It determines the function of the analog output module connected to the S2-1 input.

Setting Options : Table-4

Par. 13

It determines the type of analog output module connected to S2-1 input.

Setting Options : Table-5

Table-4	No	Analog Output Function
OFF	0	No
PCO	1	PID control output in positive direction.

Table-5	No	Analog Çıkış Tipi
0-20	0	0-20mA
20-0	1	20-0mA
4-20	2	4-20mA
20-4	3	20-4mA
0-10	4	0-10V
10-0	5	10-0V
2-10	6	2-10V
10-2	7	10-2V

Warning: In order to use the first four options, this module must be selected as "0/4-20mA" in the product code, and as "0/2-10V" for the last four options to be used.

Par. 14

It determines the function of the "AR1" Relay output module connected to the A module. This parameter is only visible when setting module A.

Setting Options : Table-6

Table-6	No	Relay Function		
oFF	0	No		
ULC	1	Upper limit Control		
LLC	2	Lower Limit Control		
ULAR	3	Upper limit Alarm		
LLR	4	Lower Limit Alarm		
UdR	5	Upper Deviation Alarm		
LdR	6	Lower Deviation Alarm		
obR	7	Upper Deviation Alarm		
cbR	8	In-Band Alarm		
PCo	9	PID control output in positive direction		

Par. 15

r2F
ULC

It determines the function of the "AR2" Relay output module connected to the A module. This parameter is only visible when setting module A.

Setting Options : Table-6

Par. 16

r3F
PCO

It determines the function of the "AR3" Relay output module connected to the B module. This parameter is only visible when setting module B.

Setting Options : Table-6



Unit : EU

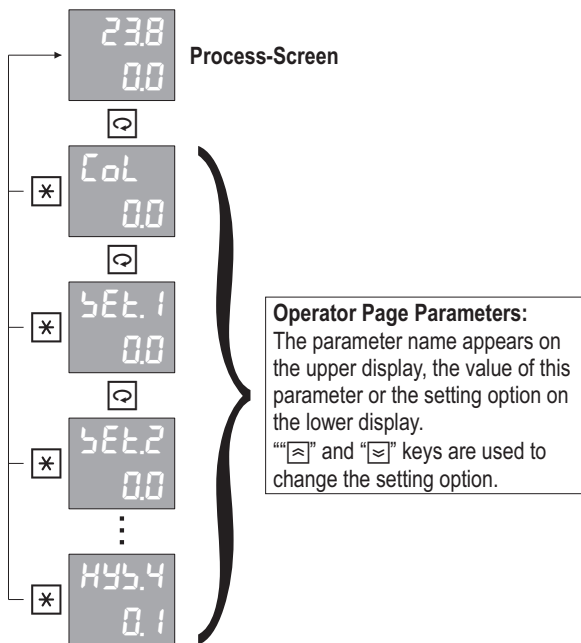
Par. 17		It determines the function of the "BR4" Relay output module connected to the B module. This parameter is only visible when setting module B. <i>Setting Options:</i> Table-6	<i>Unit :</i> EU
Par. 18		It determines the lower limit of all set values. <i>Setting Range:</i> -999.9 - [bPHL]	<i>Unit :</i> EU
Par. 19		It determines the upper limit of all set values. <i>Setting Range :</i> [bPLL] - 999.9	<i>Unit :</i> EU
Par. 20		It determines the control form (Direction). <i>Setting Options:</i> dcr (As the process increases, the output also increases), rEu (Output decreases as the process increases)	
Par. 21		It determines the proportional band of the PID control output. <i>Setting Range :</i> oFF (ON/OFF control) , 0.1 -	<i>Unit :</i> EU
Par. 22		Integral time constant. <i>Setting Range :</i> oFF (Close) , 1 - 6000	<i>Unit :</i> sc
Par. 23		Differential time constant. <i>Setting Range:</i> oFF (Close) , 0.1 - 999.9	<i>Unit :</i> sc
Par. 24		Sets the duration of a control cycle. (Control Period) <i>Setting Range :</i> 0.1 - 600	<i>Unit :</i> sn

Warning: In PID Control applications, the control period should be chosen very small compared to the system dead time in order to avoid oscillations caused by the control period.

Par. 35	CoLL -100.0	It determines the lower limit of the PID control output. Setting Range: -100.0 - [CoHL] Unit : %
Par. 26	CoHL 100.0	Sets the upper limit of the PID control output. Setting Range: [CoLL] - 100.0 Unit : %
Par. 27	Cobl 0.0	It determines the default value of the PID control output. (When the integral is closed, it is the control output value when the process value and the set value are equal) Setting Range: -100.0 - 100.0 Unit : %
Par. 28	ATF PId	It determines which control type the Auto-Tune operation will be made according to. Setting Range: P, P \bar{L} , P $\bar{L}d$ (P, PI, PID)
Par. 29	ACP on	It enables the control period to be determined automatically by Auto-Tune operation. Setting Options: oFF(No) , on(Yes)
Par. 30	ATbP oFF	If Auto-Tune operation is desired to be performed at a certain set value, this set value is determined. Setting Range: oFF(Close) , -999.9 - 999.9 Unit : EU
Par. 31	ATh \bar{r} 2.0	It determines the hysteresis value used during Auto-Tune operation. It should be entered as 5-20 times the system instability. Setting Range: 0.1 - 100.0 Unit : EU
Par. 32	Addr 1	It determines the serial communication address of the device. The communication addresses of the devices connected to a serial communication line should be selected differently from each other. Setting Range: oFF(Close) , 1 - 255 Unit : EU
Par. 33	bAud 9.6	Specifies the serial communication speed. Setting Options: 9.6 , 19.2 , 38.4 Unit : Kbps

Par. 34	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">Prty</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">Eun</div>	<p>It determines the parity type in serial communication.</p> <p>Setting Options: <i>nonE</i>(None) , <i>odd</i>(Odd) , <i>Eun</i>(Even)</p>
Par. 35	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">CSPY</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">on</div>	<p>It is the permission to change the control set value by the operator.</p> <p>Setting Options: <i>oFF</i>(No) , <i>on</i>(Yes)</p>
Par. 36	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">RSPY</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">on</div>	<p>It is the permission to change the “bEtn” set values of the relays by the operator.</p> <p>Setting Options: <i>oFF</i>(No) , <i>on</i>(Yes)</p>
Par. 37	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">HYbY</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">on</div>	<p>It is the permission to change the hysteresis values by the “HYbN” operator.</p> <p>Setting Options: <i>oFF</i>(No) , <i>on</i>(Yes)</p>
Par. 38	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">At</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">on</div>	<p>It is the permission to start Auto-Tune operation.</p> <p>Setting Options: <i>oFF</i>(No) , <i>on</i>(Yes)</p>
Par. 39	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">CoP</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">oFF</div>	<p>It determines whether the “CoL” parameter, which indicates the PID control output level, will appear on the operator page.</p> <p>Setting Options: <i>oFF</i>(No) , <i>on</i>(Yes)</p>
Par. 40	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">Rrt</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">10</div>	<p>It automatically determines the return time to the Process-Screen while in the operator parameters.</p> <p>Setting Range : <i>oFF</i>None) , 1 - 25</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Unit : sc</p>
Par. 41	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">bC2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</div>	<p>Sets the login password of the configuration page.</p> <p>Setting Range : <i>1999</i> - <i>9999</i></p>

Which of the parameters on the operator page will be used is determined according to the configuration and only the parameters to be used are displayed. These parameters, which are determined as a result of the configuration, are the parameters that are used continuously during normal operation, therefore, these parameters can be accessed by pressing the “” key at any time while on the Process-Screen, and by pressing the “” key, it is returned to the Process-Screen. If the setting permission of the adjustable ones of these parameters is desired, they can be removed with the relevant parameters in the configuration page. If no key is pressed while in any parameter on the operator page, the Process-Screen is automatically returned when the time specified with the “*Rt*” parameter expires.



<p>CoL 0.0</p>	<p>Indicates the PID control output level. In order for this parameter to appear, the "CoP" parameter in the configuration page must be set to "on".</p> <p>Unit : %</p>
<p>SEt.1 0.0</p>	<p>It determines the set value of "R1" Module. In order for this parameter to appear, "r1F" parameter must be ALARM selected.</p> <p>Setting Range : [SPLL] - [SPHL]</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>
<p>SEt.2 0.0</p>	<p>It determines the set value of the "R2" Module. In order for this parameter to appear, "r2F" parameter must be ALARM selected.</p> <p>Setting Range : [SPLL] - [SPHL]</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>
<p>SEt.3 0.0</p>	<p>It determines the set value of the "R3" Module. In order for this parameter to appear, "r3F" parameter must be ALARM selected.</p> <p>Setting Range : [SPLL] - [SPHL]</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>
<p>SEt.4 0.0</p>	<p>It determines the set value of the "R4" Module. In order for this parameter to appear, "r4F" parameter must be ALARM selected.</p> <p>Setting Range : [SPLL] - [SPHL]</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>
<p>HYS 0.1</p>	<p>Sets the control hysteresis value. In order for this parameter to appear, one of the proportional bands must be "OFF".</p> <p>Setting Range : 0.1 - 100.0</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>
<p>HYS.1 0.1</p>	<p>It determines the hysteresis value of the "R1" Module. In order for this parameter to appear, "r1F" parameter must be ALARM selected.</p> <p>Setting Range : 0.1 - 100.0</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>
<p>HYS.2 0.1</p>	<p>It determines the hysteresis value of the "R2" Module. In order for this parameter to appear, "r2F" parameter must be ALARM selected.</p> <p>Setting Range : 0.1 - 100.0</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>
<p>HYS.3 0.1</p>	<p>It determines the hysteresis value of the "R3" Module. In order for this parameter to appear, "r3F" parameter must be ALARM selected.</p> <p>Setting Range : 0.1 - 100.0</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>
<p>HYS.4 0.1</p>	<p>It determines the hysteresis value of the "R4" Module. In order for this parameter to appear, "r4F" parameter must be ALARM selected.</p> <p>Setting Range : 0.1 - 100.0</p> <p>Unit : EU</p>

Control outputs operate as ON/OFF if PID parameters (CP , oPb , $noPb$, zL , dL , EP) are left in their factory settings while configuring SC1000 model devices. To start working as PID, these parameters must either be entered manually or Auto-Tune must be performed.

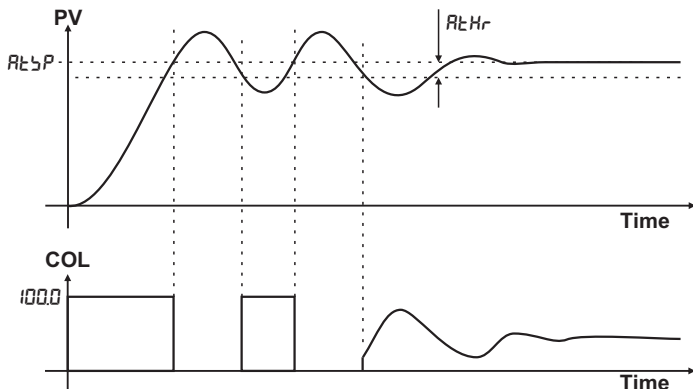
Since the characteristics of each process are different, the PID parameters should also be different. The Auto-Tune operation calculates and saves the most appropriate PID parameters for a process.

Before starting the Auto-Tune process, the " $RtSP$ " and " $RtHr$ " parameters on the configuration page should be set appropriately and the " Rt " parameter should be set to " on ". If the " $RtSP$ " parameter is left in the " off " state, Auto-Tune operation will be performed according to the current set value, so select a suitable set value. To obtain optimal PID parameters, the selected setpoint should correspond to the middle of the full power of the process.

After making the appropriate settings, start the Auto-Tune process by pressing the " \square " key for about 5 seconds while on the Process-Screen. " Rt " message flashes on "ST" indicator when Auto-Tune operation is started. In order for the results to be calculated properly, the device and the controlled system should not be interfered with during the Auto-Tune process. During the Auto-Tune process, the device calculates and saves the new PID parameters after performing an ON/OFF control of 2-3 oscillations according to the set value and hysteresis. When the Auto-Tune process is finished, the " Rt " message on the screen disappears and the device starts to control the system as PID with new parameters. After the auto tune process is completed, the " Rt " parameter in the configuration page should be set to " off " again.

If the " \times " key is pressed while the Auto-Tune process is in progress, the process is canceled.

If a device that works as PID is wanted to be operated as ON/OFF again, PID parameters must be set to factory settings.



SC1000 Model devices are designed in such a way that serial communication can be established in slave mode with the standard MODBUS RTU protocol. With this communication, all parameters and variables in the device can be accessed. These parameters can be read and set.

Serial communication is via Half-Duplex RS485 line. 32 devices can be connected on a line.

The cable used in the communication line must be a shielded data cable suitable for Half-Duplex RS485 communication and this cable is connected to all devices in parallel as a single line. There must be a suitable terminating resistor at the beginning and end of the line. The length of a line that is prepared properly and has sufficient 9600 bps communication can be extended up to 1000 meters.

Each of the devices on the serial communication line must be given a separate communication address between 1 and 255, but the communication speed and parity type of all devices on a line must be the same. The communication address, communication speed and parity type of these devices are determined by the *Addr*, *bAud* and *Prty* parameters in the configuration page.

Supported functions, parameter addresses and other information required for communication in the standard MODBUS RTU protocol are given in the tables below.

Desteklenen Standart MODBUS RTU Fonksiyonları:

Function 01 = Read Coils

Function 03 = Read Holding Registers

Function 05 = Write Single Coil

Function 06 = Write Single Register

Function 16 = Write Multiple Registers

BIT Type Parameters (COILS)

Address	Explanation (1 / 0)	Writing Perm.
0	Auto-Tune (ON / OFF)	
1	"R1" relay module (ON / OFF)	
2	"R2" relay module (ON / OFF)	
3	"R3" relay module (ON / OFF)	
4	"R4" relay module (ON / OFF)	
5	ERR1 Error (Yes / No)	No
6	ERR1 Error (Yes / No)	No
7	ERR3 Error (Yes / No)	No
8	General Error (Yes / No)	No
9	(RUN / STOP)	
10	PAUSE (Yes / No)	
11	HOLD (Yes / No)	
12	APPR (Yes / No)	No
13	FNS (Yes / No)	No

REGISTER Type Parameters (REGISTERS)

Address	Explanation	Setting Range		Factor	Unit	Writing Perm.
0	Current decimal degree	0	3	1		Yok
1	Measured process value	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	Yok
2	Control setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
3	PID control output level	-1000	1000	10	%	
4	Working mode	0	2	1		
5	1. Process value measured from the sensor	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	Yok
6	2. Process value measured from the sensor	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	Yok
7	3. Process value measured from the sensor	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	Yok
8	Instant walking set value	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	Yok
9	Valve movement direction	0	2	1		Yok
10	Valve position	0	1000	10	%	Yok
11	Program number	1	100	1		
12	Non-program control setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
13	Program delay time	0	3600	10 [^] TDP	TU	
14	Desired number of repetitions	0	250	1		
15	Remaining repetitions	0	250	1		Yok
16	Step number in progress	0	100	1		Yok
17	Time left to the end of the step	0	3600	10 [^] TDP	TU	Yok

Address	Explanation	Setting Range		Factor	Unit	Writing Perm.
20	1.Optional Setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
21	2.Optional Setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
22	3.Optional Setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
23	4.Optional Setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
24	5.Optional Setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
25	6.Optional Setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
26	7.Optional Setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
27	8.Optional Setpoint	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
28	"R1" The set value of the module	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
29	"R2" The set value of the module	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
30	"R3" The set value of the module	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
31	"R4" The set value of the module	-1999	9999	10 [^] DP	EU	
32	Control hysteresis value	1	1000	10 [^] DP	EU	
33	"R1" The hysteresis value of the module	0	1000	10 [^] DP	EU	
34	"R2" The hysteresis value of the module	0	1000	10 [^] DP	EU	
35	"R3" The hysteresis value of the module	0	1000	10 [^] DP	EU	
36	"R4" The hysteresis value of the module	0	1000	10 [^] DP	EU	

Note: For contact information of other parameters, please contact the manufacturer.

Before starting to use the device, be sure to do the following operations in order by making use of this user manual.

- Make sure to select the S1 parameter according to the type of sensor you want to use. (**S1 Universal Sensor Input is in Table-1 on Page 15.**)
- Indicates the lower scale value of the data coming from the sensor connected to the S1 input for the application you want to make to the S1L parameter.
- Indicates the upper scale value of the data coming from the sensor connected to the S1 input for the application you want to make to the S1H parameter.
- Select the $r1F, r2F, r3F, r4F$ parameters according to the function you want to load on each relay. (The number of relay outputs is optional, it may differ. Relay Functions are listed in Table-6 on page 19 and page 20.)
- Select the $o1F, o2F$ parameters according to the function you want to load to each output. (The number of analog outputs is optional, it may differ. Analog Output Functions are listed in Table-4 on Page 18.)
- Select the $o1L, o2L$ parameter according to the current/voltage output type specified on the device label. (The number of analog outputs is optional, it may differ. Analog Output Type is listed in Table-5 on Page 18.)
- $o1L, o2L$ specifies the sub-scale value that you want the analog output module to output to the $o2L$ parameter. (The number of analog outputs is optional, it may differ.)
- $o1H$ specifies the upper scale value that you want the analog output module to output to the $o2H$ parameter. (The number of analog outputs is optional, it may differ.)
-



To make PID Control:

- If you want to use a Relay Output Module, select the Relay function of the relay output you want to use for PID control, from the $r1F, r2F, r3F, r4F$ parameters, from the $PCO, nCO, POF, nOF, oPr, \text{L1}, d1L$ options in the Relay Function table. Select the one suitable for the application you want to make.
- If you want to use an Analog Output Module, select the output module you want to use for PID control from the $o1F, o2F$ parameters, from the pco, nco options in the Analog Output Function table, which is appropriate for the application you want to make.

- You can use the following two methods to control PID with our device:
- It specifies the PID control output proportional band value (P_{oPb}) in the positive direction, the PID control output proportional band value in the negative direction (n_{oPb}), the integral time clock ($\int T$), the differential time constant(dT), and the duration of a control cycle. (ΣP) parameters manually,
- By performing the Auto-Tune process, by enabling our device to automatically calculate the PID Control Parameters of the system to be used,

To start the Auto-Tune Process:

- Enter the temperature set value at which the Auto-Tune operation will be made into the R_{tSP} parameter. This value should come up to the middle of the full power of the process to be made.
- Enter the hysteresis value used during Auto-Tune to the R_{tHr} parameter. (This value adjusts the sensitivity of the Auto-Tune operation of the device.)
- Set the at parameter to on

When the device is on the main standby screen, it is sufficient to press and hold the "" key for 5 seconds. While the Auto-Tune operation is being performed, the phrase R_{tSP} lights up and goes off on the device display. This expression disappears from the screen when Auto-Tune is finished. Auto-Tune operation can be canceled by pressing "" button while Auto-Tune operation is in progress.



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- Fortlaufende Verbesserung
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